Characteristic Description

TM1621D is a 56-point, memory-mapped and multifunctional LCD driver. The software configuration features of TM1621D make it suitable for many LCD applications, including LCD modules and display subsystems. Communication timing between the main controller and TM1621D is simple, and TM1621D also has a power saving command to reduce system power consumption.

Functional Characteristics

- ➤ The working voltage is 2.4~ 5.2V
- > Embedded 256KHz RC oscillator
- > 1/2 or 1/3 bias and 1/2, 1/3 or 1/4 duty cycle can be selected
- On-chip time base frequency source
- Power saving commands can be used to reduce power consumption
- ➤ A 14x4 LCD driver
- An embedded 14x4 bit display RAM memory
- ➤ Three-wire serial interface
- On-chip LCD driving frequency source
- Software configuration features
- > Data mode and command mode instructions
- > Two data access modes
- The VLCD pin is provided for adjusting the LCD operating voltage
- Package form: SOP24.QSOP24

Pin Information

			1	
SEG17	1	24		SEG18
SEG16 □	2	23		SEG19
SEG15	3	22		SEG20
SEG14	4	21		SEG21
SEG13	5	20		SEG22
SEG12	6	19		СОМЗ
SEG11	7	18		COM2
SEG10	8	17		COM1
SEG9	9	16		СОМ0
/CS	10	15		VDD
/WR	11	14		VLCD
DATA	12	13		VSS
	LTΝ/1	.621D	J	
	11417	0210		



Pin Description

Pin number	Pin name	1/0	Function description
10	/cs	ı	Chip select input connected with a pull-up resistor. When /CS is at high level, the data and command for writing TM1621D are invalid, and the serial interface circuit is reset. When /CS is low and used as input, the data and command for writing TM1621D are valid
11	/WR	I	WRITE pulse input, connected with a pull-up resistor. At the rising edge of the /WR signal, the DATA on the data line is written to TM1621D.
12	DATA	1/0	Serial data input/output with external pull-up resistor
13	VSS	I	Negative power supply, ground
14	VLCD	ı	LCD power input
15	VDD	I	Positive power supply
16~19	COM0~COM3	0	LCD common output port
1~9 20~24	SEG9~SEG22	0	LCD segment output port

In the dry season or dry environment, it is easy to produce a large amount of static electricity, and electrostatic discharge may damage the integrated circuit. TitanMicro Lectronics recommends taking all appropriate preventive measures for the integrated circuit. Improper operation and welding may cause ESD damage or performance degradation, and the chip cannot work normally.

Absolute Maximum Rating Range

	Parameter	Range	Unit
VDD	Logic supply voltage	VSS-0.3~VSS+5.5	V
VIN	Logic input voltage	VSS-0.3~VDD+0.3	V
Topr	operating temperature range	-25~+75	℃
Tstg	Storage temperature range	-50~+120	℃
ESD	Human body mode (HBM)	4000	V
ESD	Machine mode (MM)	400	V

DC Electrical Parameters

Symbol	Symbol Describe		condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
		V _{DD}	Condition	value	value	value	
VDD	Working voltage	•		2.4		5.2	V
IDD	Working	3V	Without load		150	300	uA
	current	5V	On-chip RC oscillator		300	600	uA
IDD	Working	3V	Crystal oscillator without		60	120	uA
	current	5V	load		120	240	uA
IDD	Working	3V	Without load		100	200	uA
	current	5V	External clock source		200	400	uA
ISTB	Standby	3V	Without load		0.1	5	uA
	current	5V	Power saving mode		0.3	10	uA
VIL	Input low	3V	DATA,/WR,	0		0.6	V

2

	TITA ELEC	TR	ONICS 14x4	LCD Driver		TM1621D	
	level voltage	5V	/CS	0		1.0	V
VIH	Input high	3V	DATA,/WR,	2.4		3.0	V
	level voltage	5V	/CS	4.0		5.0	V
IOL1	DATA	3V	VOL=0.3V	0.5	1.2		mA
		5V	VOL=0.5V	1.3	2.6		mA
IOH1	DATA	3V	VOH=2.7V	-0.4	-0.8		mA
		5V	VOH =4.5V	-0.9	-1.8		mA
IOL2	Leakage	3V	VOL=0.3V	80	150		uA
	current of LCD common port	5V	VOL=0.5V	150	250		uA
IOH2	Common port	3V	VOH=2.7V	-80	-120		uA
	source current of LCD	5V	VOH=4.5V	-120	-200		uA
IOL3	Leakage	3V	VOL=0.3V	60	120		uA
	current of LCD segment pin	5V	VOL=0.5V	120	200		uA
IOH3	Source	3V	VOH=2.7V	-40	-70		uA
	current of LCD segment pin	5V	VOH=4.5V	-70	-100		uA
RPH	Pull up	3V	DATA,/WR,	40	80	150	Kohr
	resistor	5V	/cs	30	60	100	Kohr

Ac Electrical Characteristics

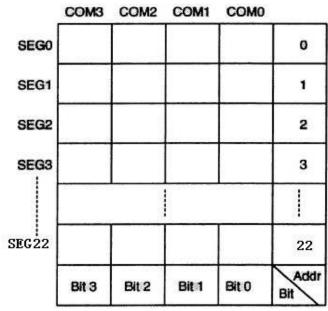
Symbol	Describe	Test co	ondition	Minimum value	Typical	Maximum value	Unit
		V _{DD}	Condition		value		
fSYS1	System clock	3V	On-chip RC		256		KHz
		5V	oscillator		256		KHz
fSYS2	System clock	3V	Crystal		32.768		KHz
		5V oscillator		32.768		KHz	
fSYS3	System clock	3V			256		KHz
	· ·	5V	clock source		256		KHz
fLCD	LCD clock		On-chip RC oscillator		fSYS1/1024		Hz
			Crystal oscillator		fSYS2 /128		Hz
tCOM	COM clock cycle		n: Number of COM		n/ fLCD		S
fCLK	Serial data	3V				300	KHz
	clock	5V				500	KHz
tDD	Output delay	3V			1	2	u s
	time of DATA pin	5V				1	us

3

System Structure

1. Display Memory (RAM)

Static display memory (RAM) stores the displayed data in the format of 23x4 bits, but only the display memory corresponding to SEG9~SEG22 is useful. The RAM data is directly mapped to the LCD driver.



RAM map

2. System Oscillator

TM1621D system clock is used to generate LCD driving clock. On-chip RC oscillator (256KHz) generates clock source. Executing SYS DIS command can stop the system clock and LCD bias generator from working. SYS DIS command is only applicable to on-chip RC oscillator. When the system clock stops working, LCD will display blank. The LCD OFF command is used to turn off the LCD bias generator. When the LCD bias generator is turned off, the SYS DIS command can be used to reduce the power consumption of the system. At this time, SYS DIS is a power saving command. TM1621D is in SYS DIS state when the system starts to power up.

3. LCD Driver

TM1621D is a 56(14x4) LCD driver, which can be configured with 1/2 or 1/3 LCD driver bias and 2, 3 or 4 common ports by software. This feature makes TM1621D suitable for various LCD applications occasions. The LCD driving clock is generated by frequency division of the system clock, and the frequency value of the LCD driving clock is kept at 256Hz. See the following table for commands related to LCD driver.

Name	Command code	Function description
LCD OFF	100 00000010X	Turn off LCD output
LCD ON	100 00000011X	Turn on LCD output
BIAS&COM	100 0010abXcX	c=0: 1/2 bias can be selected
		c=1: 1/3 bias can be selected
		ab=00: 2 public ports can be selected
		ab=01: 3 public ports can be selected
		ab=10: 4 public ports can be selected

©Titan Micro Electronics www.titanmec.com

Bold 100 is "100", indicating the command mode type. If successive commands are executed, the pattern type codes of other commands except the first command will be ignored. The LCD OFF command disables the LCD bias generator, thus turning off the LCD display. The LCD ON command enables the LCD bias generator to turn on the LCD display. BIAS&COM is a command related to LCD module, which can make TM1621D compatible with most LCD modules.

4. Command Format

TM1621D can be set by software. Two modes of commands can configure TM1621D and transmit data displayed by LCD. The configuration mode of TM1621D is called command mode, and the type code is 100. Command modes include a system configuration command, a system frequency selection command, an LCD configuration command and an operation command. The following table is the data and command mode type code table.

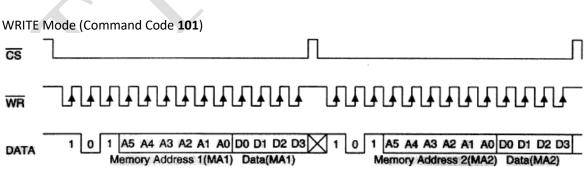
Operation	Mode	Type code
WRITE	Data	101
COMMAND	Command	100

The mode command should be run before data or command transmission. If continuous commands are executed, the command mode code is **100**, which will be ignored. When the system is in discontinuous command mode or discontinuous address data mode, pin /CS should be set to "1", and the previous operation mode will be reset. When pin /CS returns "0", the new operation mode type code should be run first.

5. Interface

TM1621D has only three pins for interface. Pin /CS is used to initialize the serial interface circuit and end the communication between the main controller and TM1621D. When pin /CS is set to "1", the data and commands between the main controller and TM1621D are invalid and initialized. Before generating mode command or mode conversion, the serial interface of TM1621D must be initialized with a high level pulse. Pin DATA is a serial DATA input/output pin, and reading/writing data and writing commands are performed through pin data. The pin /WR is the write clock input pin, and the DATA, address and command on the pin data are written into TM1621D at the rising edge of the /WR signal.

6. Timing Diagram



WRITE Mode (Write Continuous Address)

or Dala Mode

CS WR 1 0 1 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0 D0 D1 D2 D3 D0 D1 D2 D3 D0 D1 D2 D3 D0 D1 D2 D3 D0 DATA Memory Address(MA) Data(MA) Data(MA+1) Data(MA+2) Command Mode (Command Code 100) CS 1 0 0 C8 C7 C6 C5 C4 C3 C2 C1 C0 XXXX C8 C7 C6 C5 C4 C3 C2 C1 C0 DATA Command i Command

Command Overview

Command	Command code	D/C	Function description	Reset the default
name				at power-on
WRITE	101 a5a4a3a2a1a0d0d1d2d3	D	Write data to RAM	
SYS DIS	100 00000000X	С	Turn off the system oscillator and LCD bias generator	Υ
SYS EN	100 00000001X	С	Turn on the system oscillator	
LCD OFF	100 00000010X	С	Turn off the LCD bias generator	Υ
LCD ON	100 00000011X	С	Turn on the LCD bias generator	
XTAL 32K	100 000101XXX	С	System clock source crystal oscillator	
RC 256K	100 000110XXX	С	System clock source on-chip RC oscillator	Υ
BIAS1/2	100 0010abX0X	С	LCD 1/2 bias option ab=00:2 public ports ab=01:3 public ports ab=10:4 public ports	
BIAS 1/3	100 0010abX1X	С	LCD 1/3 bias option ab=00:2 public ports ab=01:3 public ports ab=10:4 public ports	
TOPT	100 11100000X	С	Test mode	
TNORMAL	100 11100011X	С	Normal mode	Υ

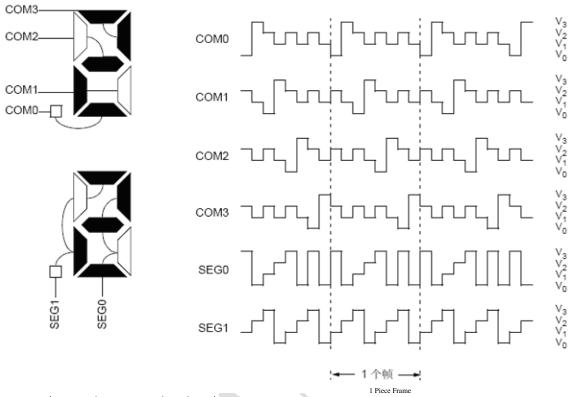
Note: X: 0 or 1; A5 ~ A0: RAM address; D3 ~ d0: RAM data

D/C data/Command Mode

All bold numbers, namely 101 and 100, are mode command codes. 100 is the command mode type code. If continuous commands are run, the mode type codes of other commands will be ignored except the first command. It is recommended to initialize TM1621D with the main controller after power-on reset, because if power-on reset fails, TM1621D will not work normally.

Pin Drive Waveform

Give the waveform of "2" driven by 1/4 multiplexing and 1/3 bias voltage:



V3=VDD (VDD is the LCD supply voltage)

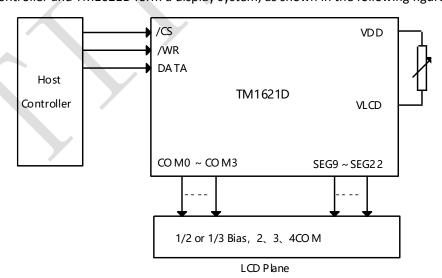
V2=2/3VDD

V1=1/3VDD

V0=0

Peripheral Application Block Diagram

The main controller and TM1621D form a display system, as shown in the following figure.



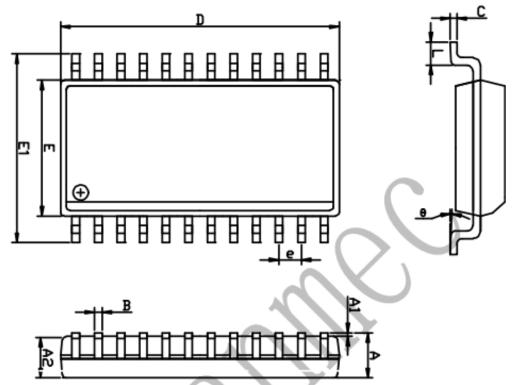
Note: 1. The voltage of VLCD pin must be smaller than that of VDD pin.

2. The VR resistor is used to adjust the display gray scale of LCD screen. When VDD=5V and VLCD=4V, VR is generally 15K Ω ($\pm 20\%$).

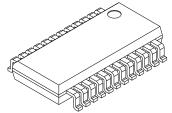
©Titan Micro Electronics www.titanmec.com

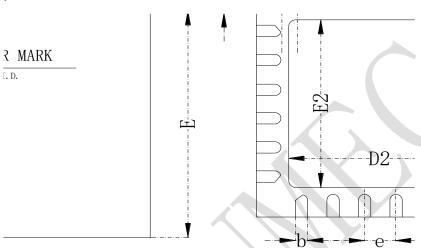
V1.0

Package Outline Drawing SOP24



Symbol	Dimensions	In Millimenters	Dimensions	In Inches
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	2,280	2.630	0.090	0.104
A1	0.100	0.300	0.004	0.012
A2	2.180	2.330	0.086	0.092
В	0.350	0.510	0.014	0.020
С	0.204	0.360	800.0	0.014
D	15,200	15.600	0.598	0.614
Ε	7.400	7.600	0.291	0.299
E1	10.000	10.650	0.394	0.419
6	1.27	O(TYP)	0.050	(TYP)
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0*	8*	0*	8*





VIEW

BOTTOM VI

Symbol 1	Dimensions Ir	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
A	1. 50	1.80	0.059	0.070	
A1	0. 102	0. 249	0.004	0.009	
A2	1. 40	1. 55	0.055	0.061	
b	0.2	0.3	0.007	0.011	
С	0.2	TYP	0. 007TYP		
D	8. 585	8. 738	0. 337	0. 344	
Е	3. 86	3. 998	0. 151	0. 157	
E1	5. 842	6. 198	0. 23	0. 244	
е	0.63	5TYP	0.02	5TYP	
L	0. 406	0.889	0.015	0.035	
θ	4°	TYP	4°	TYP	

©Titan Micro Electronics <u>www.titanmec.com</u>